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Boycott, Sperre und Aussperrung. Eine sozialrechtliche Studie.

By Professor MASCHKE. (Jena: Gustav Fischer. 1911. Pp. 341. 9 m.)

The significance of this book lies in the fact that it is an attempt to bring the subjects of boycott, strike and lockout under scientific analysis from the standpoint of society and law. It is, as its title indicates, a social juristic study; and as such it is necessarily a difficult and complicated undertaking involving not one but many problems. Although important and promising substantial reward to the reader who will make his way through its pages, it will require both courage and patience to master its course of reasoning. It is characteristically German in conception and in style of presentation.

The treatise is divided into approximately four equal parts. In Part I the author considers the underlying juristic principles; in Part II he examines the boycott, strike and lockout as a means of compulsion (Zwangsmittel); in Part III boycott, strike and lockout are considered as a means of restraint or repression (Repressionsmittel); and in Part IV the operation (Durchführung) of the boycott, strike and lockout is examined.

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NEW BOOKS

ARNDT, P. *Die Heimarbeit im rhein-mainischen Wirtschaftsgebiet.* (Jena: Fischer. 1911. 9.25 m.)

BIRD, M. *Woman at work. A study of the different ways of earning a living open to women.* (London: Chapman & Hall. 1911. 5s.)

BRADBURY, H. B. *Bradbury's rules of pleading in actions at law etc.* (New York: The Banks Law Publishing Co. 1911. Pp. lxxiv, 1865. \$8.50.)

There is a special chapter on the New York employers' liability and workmen's compensation acts, with the texts of the acts, and forms of notices and complaints thereunder.

BRAY, R. *Boy labour and apprenticeship.* (London: Constable. 1911. Pp. 260. 5s.)

BRETON, J. L. *Les maladies professionnelles.* Encyclopédie parlementaire des sciences politiques et sociales. (Paris: Dunod & Pinat. 1911. 3.50 fr.)

CLARK, L. D. *The law of the employment of labor.* (New York: Macmillan. 1911. Pp. 373. \$1.60.)

To be reviewed.

- CLAY, A. *Syndicalism and labour*. (London: John Murray. 1911. Pp. xv, 230. 6s.)
- DEPITRE, E. and LEVEQUE, M. *La réglementation légale de la durée du travail des employés. La réduction du nombre des enfants employés la nuit dans les verreries*. (Paris: Association Nationale Française pour la Protection Légale des Travailleurs. 1911. 1.50 fr.)
- FOURNIER, P. L. *Le second empire et la législation ouvrière*. (Paris: Larose et Tenin. 1911. Pp. 351.)
- FURER, R. v. *Die Gestaltung des Arbeitsmarktes*. Studien über den Arbeitsmarkt, Vol. I. (Vienna: Reichsverband des Allgemeinen Arbeitsvermittlungsanstalten in Oesterreich. 1911. Pp. 174.)
- GÉRARD, C. *Le chômage en Angleterre et le fonctionnement des "labour-exchanges"*. (Paris: Rousseau. 1911. Pp. 138. 1 fr.)
- HAUDERE, A. *Des accidents dont sont victimes dans leur travail des domestiques et gens de maison*. (Paris: Sirey. 1911. 2.75 fr.)
- HERZ, L. *Der Schutz der nationalen Arbeit*. (Berlin-Schöneberg: Verlag Fortschritt. 1911. 1m.)
- JUNGBLUTH, F. *Der Schutz der Gewerbbetriebe gegen Boykottanforderungen der Arbeitnehmerverbände*. Veröffentlichungen der Wirtschaftlichen Abteilung des Vereins "Versuchs- und Lehranstalt für Brauerei in Berlin", No. 7. (Berlin: Paul Parey. 1911. Pp. 53. 2.50 m.)
- KNOKE, A. *Ausländische Wanderarbeiter in Deutschland*. (Leipzig: A. Deichert. 1911. 2 m.)
- LEE, W. H. *The great strike movement of 1911 and its lessons*. (London: Twentieth Century Press. 1911. Pp. 16. 1d.)
- LEIDIG, H. *Die Arbeitslosenunterstützung der Stadt Schöneberg*. (Berlin: J. Guttentag. 1911. 1 m.)
- LOMBARD, M. E. *Proposition de loi relative à la revision de la législation des établissements dangereux, insalubres ou incommodes*. (Marseille: Chambre de Commerce. 1911.)
- MAMROTH, K. *Gewerblicher Konstitutionalismus. Die Arbeitstarifverträge in ihrer volkswirtschaftlichen und sozialen Bedeutung*. (Jena: Fischer. 1911. Pp. iv, 126. 4 m.)
- MATTHIEU, J. *Die Hauptströmungen der Arbeiterbewegung in ihrem Verhältnis zum modernen Kulturproblem*. Sozialpolitische Zeitfragen der Schweiz, Nos. 16, 17. (Zurich: Buchhandlung des Schweiz. Grütlivereins. 1911. Pp. 63. .40 m.)
- PRIDDY, A. *Through the mill, the autobiography of a boy laborer*. (Boston: Pilgrim Press. 1911. \$1.35.)

ROWNTREE, B. S. and LESKER, B. *Unemployment: a social study.* (London: Macmillan. 1911. 10s. 6d.)

SEEFRIED-GULGOWSKI, E. *Kaschubische Hausindustrie. Auf Anregung des deutschen Vereins für ländliche Wohlfahrts- und Heimatpflege herausgegeben.* (Berlin: Deutsche Landbuchhandlung. 1911. Pp. iv, 36, illus. 1 m.)

SITTEL, V. *Die Frauenarbeit im Handelsgewerbe.* (Leipzig: J. Wörner. 1911. Pp. 133. 3 m.)

WINNIG, A. *Der grosse Kampf im deutschen Baugewerbe 1910. Im Auftrage des Verbandsvorstandes des deutschen Bauarbeitervereins.* (Berlin: Buchhandlung Vorwärts. 1911. Pp. vii, 288. 3 m.)

Salaires et coût de l'existence à diverses époques jusqu'en 1910. (Paris: Imprimerie Nationale. 1911. 7.50 fr.)

A report issued by the Department of Labor of France covering period from 1806 to 1910.

Money, Prices, Credit, and Banking

History of Money in the British Empire and the United States.

By AGNES F. DODD. (London: Longmans, Green and Company. 1911. Pp. xiv, 356. 5s.)

This book is an attempt to collect in one volume a history of money and currency in all English speaking nations from the earliest times to the present, covering Great Britain, her colonies and the United States; and including a history of the metallic money and production of precious metals, a history of paper money and banking, and a history of prices as affected by money.

Part I on the British Empire includes the coinage and banking history of England from the earliest times, and has separate chapters on Scotch and Irish banking, India, and the colonies. Part II is a history of money and banking in the United States from colonial times to the present.

The book adds little to our knowledge of monetary history or to our understanding of the principles of money and banking. It is merely a brief account in usable form of the coinage history and banking history of the English nations. There are many inaccuracies of statement which impair its usefulness; and a failure at many points to grasp the real meaning of the facts of the situation. For example, on page 217, "In 1834 the adoption of the gold standard in the United States"; page 312, the state-